

1.2.4 2006 Buildings Energy End-Use Expenditure Splits, by Fuel Type (\$2006 Billion) (1)

	Natural	Petroleum					Coal	Electricity	Total	Percent
	Gas	Distil.	Resid.	LPG	Oth(2)	Total				
Space Heating (3)	55.5	12.6	1.0	5.3	1.4	20.2	0.2	15.5	91.4	23.3%
Lighting								62.0	62.0	15.8%
Space Cooling	0.2							44.8	45.0	11.5%
Water Heating (4)	20.8	2.6		1.3		3.9		18.1	42.7	10.9%
Electronics (5)								28.0	28.0	7.1%
Refrigeration (6)								20.8	20.8	5.3%
Cooking	5.6			0.7		0.7		8.1	14.4	3.7%
Wet Clean (7)	1.0							11.7	12.7	3.2%
Ventilation (8)								9.1	9.1	2.3%
Computers								8.0	8.0	2.0%
Other (9)	3.1	0.3		5.1	1.0	6.5		23.2	32.8	8.4%
Adjust to SEDS (10)	7.7	3.3				3.3		14.5	25.5	6.5%
Total	93.9	18.7	1.0	12.4	2.4	34.5	0.2	263.8	392.4	100%

Note(s): 1) Expenditures include coal and exclude wood. 2) Includes kerosene space heating (\$1.2 billion) and motor gasoline other uses (\$1.0 billion). 3) Includes furnace fans (\$1.7 billion). 4) Includes residential recreation water heating (\$1.3 billion). 5) Includes color televisions (\$10.1 billion) and other electronics (\$17.9 billion). 6) Includes refrigerators (\$18.3 billion) and freezers (\$2.5 billion). 7) Includes clothes washers (\$1.1 billion), natural gas clothes dryers (\$1.0 billion), electric clothes dryers (\$7.7 billion) and dishwashers (\$2.9 billion). 8) Commercial only; residential fan and pump energy use included proportionately in space heating and cooling. 9) Includes residential small electric devices, heating elements, motors, swimming pool heaters, hot tub heaters, outdoor grills, and natural gas outdoor lighting. Includes commercial services station equipment, ATMs, telecommunications equipment, medical equipment, pumps, lighting, emergency electric generators, manufacturing performed in commercial buildings. 10) Expenditures related to an energy adjustment EIA uses to relieve discrepancies between data sources. Energy attributable to the residential and commercial buildings sectors, but not directly to specific end-uses.

Source(s): EIA, Annual Energy Outlook 2008, Mar. 2008, Table A2, p. 117-119, Table A3, p. 120-121 for prices, Table A4, p. 122-123 for residential energy consumption, and Table A5, p. 124-125 for commercial energy consumption; EIA, National Energy Modeling System for AEO 2008, Mar. 2008; EIA, State Energy Data 2005: Prices and Expenditures, Feb. 2008, p. 24-25 for coal prices; EIA, Annual Energy Review 2007, June 2008, Appendix D, p. 377 for price deflators; BTS/A.D. Little, Electricity Consumption by Small End-Uses in Residential Buildings, Aug. 1998, Appendix A for residential electric end-uses; BTS/A.D. Little, Energy Consumption Characteristics of Commercial Building HVAC Systems, Volume II: Thermal Distribution, Auxiliary Equipment, and Ventilation, Oct. 1999, p. 1-2, 5-25 and 5-26 for commercial ventilation; and BTP/Navigant Consulting, U.S. Lighting Market Characterization, Volume I, Sept. 2002, Table 8-2, p. 63 for commercial lighting.